# PROGRAMME: BACHELORS IN FASHION AND APPAREL DESIGN SEMESTER- I

**Course: TEXTILE SCIENCE** 

CODE: 07ABSFR17111 CREDITS: 03

Unit 1

1.1 Textile fibres: Classification – General properties

Identification of textile fibres – Polymer, Polymerization types - Types of polymers

**Terminologies** 

Methods of filament spinning - Drawing and effects

- 1.2 Cotton: Producing countries Botanical and commercial classification
- 1.3 Brief study on Indian hybrid and imported commercial cotton varieties Fiber morphology Chemical structure & composition Properties End uses. Brief study about organic cotton and its cultivation.
- **1.4** Jute: Producing countries Fiber morphology Chemical composition Properties End uses.
- **1.5** Flax: Producing countries Fiber morphology Chemical composition Properties End uses.

# Unit:2

**2.1** Wool: Producing countries - Grading - Fibre morphology Chemical structure & composition Properties - End uses

Felting-Study of Woolen and Worsted Yarns - End uses Brief study on specialty hair fibers and uses.

2.2 Silk: Producing countries Sericulture – Stifling & Reeling – Throwing – Degumming – Weighting. Fiber morphology – Chemical structure & composition Properties - End uses meaning of spun silk – Comparison of spun & filature silk. Brief study on wild silk varieties

#### Unit: 3

- **3.1** Semi synthetic fibres: Rayon Regenerated and modified cellulose -Viscose rayon process flow HWM fibres Comparison of properties between viscose and HWM rayon's –End uses –Bamboo fiber- Process flow Properties End uses.
- **3.2** Synthetic fibres: Common steps for the production Brief study about Polyamide, Polyester, Poly Acrylic, and Spandex Process flow to produce Nylon 6, Nylon 6,

Polyester filaments and staple fibres. Individual fiber properties and trade names – End uses

**3.3** Texturisation and its effects, Types of textured yarns - Methods of Texturisation – End uses of textured yarns.

#### Unit: 4

- **4.1** Classification of yarn types- Staple spinning system Types Cotton Yarn Production sequence and objectives Principles of short staple spinning Comparison of carded and combed yarn Winding and it's objects Waxing and its significance Properties required for export quality hosiery yarns. Study of yarn twist and its importance Types of yarn twist Various yarn & package defects.
- 4.2 Blended textiles: Types of blending Benefits of blending Prominent blended yarns of fashion apparel market Double yarn Properties –Uses. Classification of Sewing threads & applications Thread prerequisites Essential properties Production process of spun Polyester sewing thread & core spun sewing thread Advantages. Yarn numbering systems.

# **PRACTICALS**

CODE: 17ABSFR17CC101 CREDITS: 02

Unit: 1

Identification of Textile Fibers – Cellulosic, Protein and Synthetic

- a) Microscopic appearance (longitudinal and cross-sectional)
- b) burning Test
- c) Solubility Tests for fibers

#### Unit:2

Visual identification of Spun, Filament, Cord, Cable, and Fancy Yarns with sample collection Unit: 3

Fiber blend analysis

- a) Cellulosic and proteinic fiber blend
- b) Cellulosic and manmade fiber blend
- c) Proteinic and manmade fiber blend

#### Unit: 4

Line Sketches of conventional spinning – Cotton and wool.

#### TITLE OF THE COURSE: FASHION DESIGN: ELEMENTS AND CONCEPTS

CODE: 07ABSFR17112 CREDITS: 03

# Unit -1

#### INTRODUCTION TO FASHION

- 1.1.Introduction to fashion: Fashion terminologies Factors influencing fashion
- 1.2.Line-(1) Path, (2) Curve, (3) Direction, (4) Illusion.
- 1.3. **Shapes**-(1) Basic types (2) Structural & visual shapes.
- 1.4. **Fashion illustration basics** simple blocking & fleshing of the fashion figure, 8 head, 10 head & 12 head figures in simple standing poses.

#### Unit - 2

#### ART MEDIA AND COLOR THEORY

- 2.1.Introduction to art media and its application, line sketching and painting techniques, object drawing, simple rendering of art material using pencil and colour pencils
- 2.2. Colour: Colour wheel, Colour theory, Colour value & intensity.
- 2.3. Texture Colour harmony Colour scheme
- 2.4.Colour psychology Introduction to colour psychology Importance of colour psychology in apparel export market

# Unit – 3

# ELEMENTS OF DESIGN

- 3.1. Elements of Design Point, line, space, shape, colour and texture.
- 3.2. Principles of design Proportion Balance Rhythm- Harmony.
- 3.3. Neck lines- Collar Sleeves Cuffs Waistlines Bows & ties Plackets-Pockets.

#### Unit-4

#### FABRIC RENDERING

- 4.1. Fabric rendering: Learning to stimulate textures of various fabrics- cotton, silk, fur, denim, print, georgette, chiffon, knitted & embroidered.
- 4.2. Rendering Ruffles, cowls, shirring, smocking, quilting, yokes, draping, gathers, pleats, frills & flounces.
- 4.3. Basic concept of variety of skirts Methodology of designing of skirts

# **Course: BASICS OF GARMENT CONSTRUCTION**

CODE: 07ABSFR17113 CREDITS: 03

# Unit 1: Sewing machines

- 1.1 Brief about Single needle lock stitch machine
- 1.2 Maintenance of SNLS
- 1.3 Essential tools used in garment construction- types
- 1.4 Seams and seam finishes- types of seams
- 1.5 ASTM standard seam and seam types

# Unit:2 Fullness -

- 2.1 Definition, types.
- 2.2 Darts, Tucks, pleats, flares and godets
- 2.3 Gathers and shirring's, frills or ruffles, flounces.
- 2.4 Facings bias facing, shaped facing and decorative facing.Binding single bias binding, double bias binding.
- 2.5 <u>Yokes</u> types, simple yoke, yoke with fullness within the yoke. yoke supporting/ releasing fullness

# **Unit: 3- Garment components**

- **3.1 Plackets** definition, characteristics of good placket.
- **3.2** Types Inconspicuous plackets and conspicuous plackets, method of constructing the same.
- 3.3 Pockets types, patch pocket, bound pocket, pocket in a seam, front/ hip pocket.
- **3.4 Fasteners** conspicuous (Button and button holes, button loops, button with holes, shank buttons, eyelets and cords).
- 3.5 Inconspicuous (press buttons, hooks and eyes, zips)

# Unit: 4 Analysis of body measurement

- 4.1 Body measurements- importance
- 4.2 How to take body measurements, standard body measurements, figure types.
- 4.3 Pattern Making Techniques- Drafting, Draping, and Flat pattern techniques- slash and spread method, pivot method

# **BASICS OF GARMENT CONSTRUCTION**

# **PRACTICALS**

CODE: FAD 103 CREDITS: 02

# Unit 1: Developing Hand & Machine Stitches

- 1.1 Running, tailors tack, hemming, and its types.
- 1.2 Seams of various types superimposed seam
- 1.3 Bound seam
- 1.4 Lapped seam
- 1.5 flat fell seam

# Unit:2 Fullness -

# Sample preparation

- 1.1 Gathers, shirring.
- 1.2 Pleats.
- 1.3 Tucks.
- 1.4 style lines

# Neck line finishing-

- 1.5 hemming,
- 1.6 piping,
- 1.7 facings and
- 1.8 bindings.

# Unit: 3- Preparation of samples for plackets-

- 1.1 One piece placket.
- 1.2 continuous bound
- 1.3 closures;
- 1.4 Preparation of samples for patch pocket
- 1.5 Side seam pocket.

# Unit: 4 Developing Basic bodies' patterns-Children-

- 1.1 Infant,
- 1.2 school going kid (2 pattern)
- 1.3 Samples for Flat pattern techniques- slash and spread method

**1.4** pivot method